

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Plaintiff,

v.

[8] Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos,
a/k/a "El Grande"
Defendant.

CRIMINAL NO. 22-205(FAB)



PLEA AGREEMENT

TO THE HONORABLE COURT:

The United States of America, Defendant, Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos, and Defendant's counsel, Rosa I. Bonini-Laracuenta, Esq., pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11, state that they have reached a Plea Agreement, the terms and conditions of which are as follows:


1. Charges to which Defendant will Plead Guilty

Defendant agrees to plead guilty to Counts One and Three of the Indictment:

Count One: From at least in or about the year 2020 and continuing up to and until March 16, 2021, in Puerto Rico, and elsewhere, and within the jurisdiction of this Court, **[8] Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos, a/k/a "El Grande"**, did knowingly and intentionally, combine, conspire, and agree with others, to commit an offense against the United States, that is, to knowingly and intentionally possess with intent to distribute five kilograms or more of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, a Schedule II Narcotic Drug Controlled Substance in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1) & (b)(1)(A)(ii) and 846.

Count Three: From at least in or about the year 2020 and continuing up to and until March 16, 2021, in Puerto Rico, and elsewhere, and within the jurisdiction of this Court, [8] **Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos, a/k/a “El Grande”**, did knowingly combine, conspire, and agree with others, to commit offenses against the United States in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956, to wit: to knowingly conduct and attempt to conduct financial transactions affecting interstate commerce and foreign commerce, which transactions involved the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, that is, drug trafficking, knowing that the transactions were designed in whole or in part conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, and that while conducting and attempting to conduct such financial transactions, knew that the property involved in the financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity. All in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) & (h).

2. Stipulation as to the Amount of Narcotics


 The United States of America and the defendant stipulate and agree that the defendant shall be held accountable for conspiring to possess with intent to distribute at least 2 kilograms but less than 3.5 kilograms of cocaine, a Schedule II Narcotic Drug Controlled Substance.

3. Maximum Penalties

The maximum statutory penalty for the offense charged in Count One of the Indictment, is a term of imprisonment of not less than ten (10) years and not more than life; a fine not to exceed the greater of that authorized in accordance with the

provisions of Title 18 or ten million dollars (10,000,000); and a supervised release term of at least five (5) years, all pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1) & (b)(1)(A)(ii) and 846.

However, the Defendant further understands that, based on the stipulated and agreed amount of narcotics attributed to the Defendant as part of this plea agreement, the penalty for the above-mentioned count of conviction is as follow: a term of imprisonment of not less than five (5) years; a fine not to exceed the greater of that authorized in accordance with the provisions of Title 18 or five million dollars (5,000,000); and a supervised release term of at least four (4) years, all pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1) & (b)(1)(B)(ii) and 846.



The maximum statutory penalty for the offense charged in Count Three of the Indictment, is a term of imprisonment of not more than twenty (20) years; a fine of not more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) or twice the value of the monetary instrument of funds involved in the transportation, transmission, or transfer, whichever is greater, all pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) & (h); and a supervised release term of not more than five (5) years, all pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3583.


4. Sentencing Guidelines Applicability

Defendant understands that the sentence will be imposed by the Court in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §§ 3551-86, and the United States Sentencing Guidelines (hereinafter “Guidelines”), which are advisory pursuant to the United States Supreme Court decision in *United States v. Booker*, 543 U.S. 220 (2005). Further, Defendant acknowledges that parole has been abolished, and that the imposition of Defendant’s sentence may not be suspended.

5. Special Monetary Assessment

Defendant agrees to pay a special monetary assessment (“SMA”) of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per count of conviction. The SMA will be deposited in the Crime Victim Fund, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3013 (a)(2)(A).

6. Fines and Restitution



The Court may, pursuant to Section 5E1.2 of the Guidelines order Defendant to pay a fine. The Court may also impose restitution. Defendant agrees to execute and make available, prior to sentencing, a standardized financial statement (OBD Form 500). The United States will advocate on behalf of any identified victim and comply with its obligations under the Mandatory Victim Restitution Act of 1996.

7. Sentence to be Determined by the Court

Defendant understands that the sentence to be imposed will be determined solely by the United States District Judge. The United States cannot make and has not made any promise or representation as to what sentence Defendant will receive. Any

discussions that the parties might have had about possible sentences are not binding in any way on the Court, and do not constitute representations about what the parties will seek, or what the actual sentence will be.

8. Recommended Sentencing Guidelines Calculations

After due consideration of the relevant factors enumerated in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a), the United States and Defendant submit that the advisory Guidelines calculations listed below apply to Defendant. However, Defendant acknowledges that the Court is not required to accept those recommended Guidelines calculations.

SENTENCING GUIDELINES CALCULATIONS					
COUNT ONE AND THREE					
21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1) & (b)(1)(A)(ii) and 846; 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) & (h)					
Base Offense Level pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2D1.1(c)(7)					26
Money Laundering pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2S1.1(b)(2)(B)					+2
Acceptance of Responsibility pursuant to U.S.S.G. §3E1.1					-3
TOTAL ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL					25
CH Cat. I	CH Cat. II	CH Cat. III	CH Cat. IV	CH Cat. V	CH Cat. VI
57-71	63-78	70-87	84-105	100-125	110-137

- Counts One and Three grouped pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2

9. Sentence Recommendation

As to Count One and Three, and after due consideration of the relevant factors enumerated in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a), the parties agree to request a sentence of imprisonment of 72 months regardless of Defendant's criminal history category. Defendant acknowledges that 60 months of imprisonment is the minimum mandatory sentence per statute.

The parties agree that any recommendation by either party for a term of imprisonment below or above the stipulated sentence recommendation will constitute a material breach of the Plea Agreement.

10. No Stipulation as to Criminal History Category

The parties do not stipulate as to any Criminal History Category for Defendant.

11. Waiver of Appeal

Defendant knowingly and voluntarily agrees that, if the imprisonment sentence imposed by the Court is 72 months or less, Defendant waives the right to appeal any aspect of this case's judgment and sentence, including, but not limited to the term of imprisonment or probation, restitution, fines, forfeiture, and the term and conditions of supervised release.

12. No Further Adjustments or Departures


The United States and Defendant agree that no further adjustments or departures to Defendant's total adjusted base offense level and no variant sentence under 18 U.S.C. § 3553—other than any explicitly provided for in this Plea Agreement—shall be sought by Defendant. The parties agree that any request by Defendant for an adjustment or departure that is not explicitly provided for in this Plea Agreement will be considered a material breach of this Plea Agreement, and the United States will be free to ask for any sentence, either guideline or statutory.

13. Satisfaction with Counsel

Defendant is satisfied with counsel, Rosa I. Bonini-Laracuenta, Esq., and asserts that counsel has rendered effective legal assistance.

14. Rights Surrendered by Defendant Through Guilty Plea

Defendant understands that by entering into this Plea Agreement, Defendant surrenders and waives certain rights as detailed in this agreement. Defendant understands that the rights of criminal defendants include the following:

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- a. If Defendant had persisted in a plea of not guilty to the charges, Defendant would have had the right to a speedy jury trial with the assistance of counsel. The trial may be conducted by a judge sitting without a jury if Defendant, the United States and the judge agree.
 - b. If a jury trial is conducted, the jury would be composed of twelve lay persons selected at random. Defendant and Defendant's attorney would assist in selecting the jurors by removing prospective jurors for cause where actual bias or other disqualification is shown, or by removing prospective jurors without cause by exercising peremptory challenges. The jury would have to agree, unanimously, before it could return a verdict of either guilty or not guilty. The jury would be instructed that Defendant is presumed innocent, that it could not convict Defendant unless, after hearing all the evidence, it was persuaded of Defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt, and that it was to consider each charge separately.
 - c. If a trial is held by the judge without a jury, the judge would find the facts and, after hearing all the evidence and considering each count separately, determine whether or not the evidence established Defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.
 - d. At a trial, the United States would be required to present its witnesses and other evidence against Defendant. Defendant would be able to confront those witnesses and Defendant's attorney would be able to cross-examine them. In turn, Defendant could present witnesses and other evidence on Defendant's own behalf. If the witnesses for Defendant would not appear voluntarily, Defendant could require their attendance through the subpoena power of the Court.

- e. At a trial, Defendant could rely on the privilege against self-incrimination to decline to testify, and no inference of guilt could be drawn from Defendant's refusal to testify. If Defendant desired to do so, Defendant could testify on Defendant's own behalf.

15. Stipulation of Facts

The accompanying Stipulation of Facts signed by Defendant is hereby incorporated into this Plea Agreement. Defendant adopts the Stipulation of Facts and agrees that the facts therein are accurate in every respect. Defendant agrees and accepts that had the matter proceeded to trial, the United States would have proven those facts beyond a reasonable doubt.

16. Limitations of Plea Agreement

This Plea Agreement binds only the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Puerto Rico and Defendant. It does not bind any other federal district, state, or local authorities.

17. Entirety of Plea Agreement

This written agreement constitutes the complete Plea Agreement between the United States, Defendant, and Defendant's counsel. The United States has made no promises or representations except as set forth in writing in this Plea Agreement and denies the existence of any other terms and conditions not stated herein.

18. Amendments to Plea Agreement

No other promises, terms or conditions will be entered into between the parties unless they are in writing and signed by all parties.


19. Dismissal of Remaining Counts

At sentencing should there be any pending counts, and should the Defendant comply with the terms of this Plea Agreement, the United States will move to dismiss the remaining counts of the Indictment pending against Defendant in this case.

20. Voluntariness of Plea Agreement

Defendant acknowledges that no threats have been made against Defendant and that Defendant is pleading guilty freely and voluntarily because Defendant is guilty.

21. Breach and Waiver



Defendant agrees that defendant will have breached this Plea Agreement if, after entering into this Plea Agreement, Defendant: (a) fails to perform or to fulfill completely each and every one of Defendant's obligations under this Plea Agreement; (b) engages in any criminal activity prior to sentencing; or (c) attempts to withdraw Defendant's guilty plea. In the event of such a breach, the United States will be free from its obligation under this Plea Agreement and Defendant will not have the right to withdraw the guilty plea. Moreover, Defendant agrees that if Defendant is in breach of the Plea Agreement, Defendant is deemed to have waived any objection to the reinstatement of any charges under the Indictment, Information, or complaint which may have previously been dismissed or which may have not been previously prosecuted.

22. Potential Impact on Immigration Status

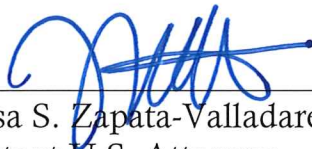
Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(b)(1)(O), Defendant hereby

agrees and recognizes that if convicted, a Defendant who is not a United States citizen may be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and denied admission to the United States in the future.


23. Felony Conviction

Defendant hereby agrees and recognizes that the plea of guilty in this case will be recognized as a felony conviction, which will result in the loss of certain rights, including but not limited to the right to vote in a federal election, to serve as a juror, to hold public office, and to lawfully possess a firearm.


W. Stephen Muldrow
United States Attorney



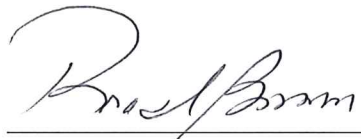
Teresa S. Zapata-Valladares
Assistant U.S. Attorney
Deputy Chief, Gang Section
Dated: 2-10-2023



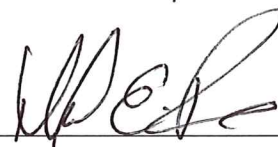
Richard Vance Eaton
Special Assistant U.S. Attorney
Dated: 2/10/23



Camille García Jiménez
Assistant U.S. Attorney
Dated: 2/10/2023



Rosa I. Bonini-Laracunte
Counsel for Defendant
Dated: 3/9/2023



Miguel Piñero-Ramos
Defendant
Dated: 3/9/2023

UNDERSTANDING OF RIGHTS

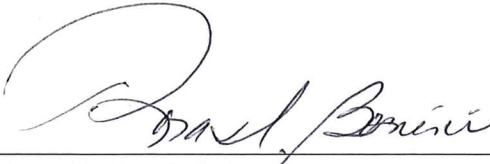
I have consulted with counsel and fully understand all of my rights as to the charges pending against me. Further, I have consulted with my attorney and fully understand my rights as to the provisions of the Guidelines that may apply in my case. I have read this Plea Agreement and carefully reviewed every part of it with my attorney. My counsel has translated the Plea Agreement to me in the Spanish language and I have no doubts as to the contents of the agreement. I fully understand this agreement and voluntarily agree to it.

Date: 3/9/2023


 Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos
 Defendant

I am the attorney for Defendant. I have fully explained Defendant's rights to Defendant with respect to the pending charges. Further, I have reviewed the applicable provisions of the Guidelines and I have fully explained to Defendant the provisions of those Guidelines that may apply in this case. I have carefully reviewed every part of this Plea Agreement with Defendant. I have translated the Plea Agreement and explained it in the Spanish language to the Defendant who has expressed having no doubts as to the contents of the agreement. To my knowledge, Defendant is entering into this Plea Agreement voluntarily, intelligently, and with full knowledge of all consequences of Defendant's plea of guilty.

Date: 3/9/2023


 Rosa I. Bonini-Laracuenta
 Counsel for Defendant

STIPULATION OF FACTS

In conjunction with the submission of the accompanying Plea Agreement in this case, the Defendant Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos admits that Defendant is guilty as charged in Counts One and Three of the Indictment and admits the following:

Had this matter proceeded to trial, the United States would have presented evidence through the testimony of witnesses as well as physical evidence and documentary evidence, which would have proven beyond a reasonable doubt Defendant's guilt.

From at least in or about the year 2020 and continuing up to and until March 16, 2021, [8] **Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos, a/k/a "El Grande"**, did knowingly and intentionally, combine, conspire, and agree with others, to possess with intent to distribute five kilograms or more of a mixture and substance containing a detectable amount of cocaine, a Schedule II Narcotic Drug Controlled Substance in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1) & (b)(1)(A)(ii) and 846.

The object of the drug conspiracy was the distribution of wholesale amounts of cocaine within Puerto Rico and the continental United States for financial gain and profit. Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos participated in the conspiracy since the year 2020.

Specifically, on October 21, 2020, agents from the United States Postal Service-Office of Inspector General (USPS-OIG) saw an individual arrived at the General Post Office in Hato Rey, Puerto Rico. The individual went to the main office window service and deposited four pre-paid parcels to be mail to the continental United States. The agents seized all four parcels. After executing a federal search warrant, the agents

found and seized a total of 7 kilograms of cocaine hidden inside board games within the parcels. Further investigation revealed Piñeiro's fingerprints inside one of the parcels on one of the board games, inside of which were 2 kilograms of cocaine. That parcel was destined for Chicopee, MA.

For purposes of this plea agreement Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos accepts responsibility for conspiring to possess with intent to distribute at least 2 kilograms but less than 3.5 kilograms of cocaine.

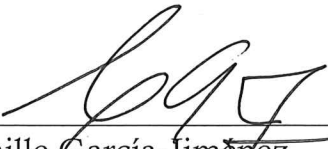
During the same period of time, from at least in or about the year 2020 and continuing up to and until March 16, 2021, [8] **Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos, a/k/a “El Grande”**, did knowingly combine, conspire, and agree with others, to conduct and attempt to conduct financial transactions affecting interstate commerce and foreign commerce, which transactions involved the proceeds of drug trafficking, knowing that the transactions were designed in whole or in part to conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, and that while conducting and attempting to conduct such financial transactions, knew that the property involved in the financial transactions represented the proceeds of some form of unlawful activity. All in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 1956(a)(1)(B)(i) & (h).

The object of the conspiracy to launder monetary instruments was to conduct financial transactions with the proceeds of drug trafficking that would conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds by transferring the proceeds from the continental United States to co-conspirators in Puerto Rico.

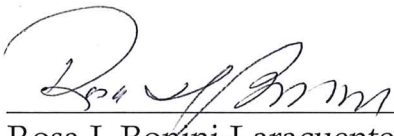
Specifically, on October 9, 2020, agents from the United States Postal Inspection Service (USPIS) seized parcel EM088913172US. The parcel was sent from Chicopee, MA and destined for Piñeiro's home, addressed to his daughter: Nayelis Piñeiro, Urbanización Lirios Cala, W-430 calle San Luis, Juncos P.R. 00777. After executing a federal search warrant, the agents found and seized \$72,000 concealed inside the parcel. Further investigation revealed that the money was illegal narcotics proceeds concealed and sent by an individual as part of the money laundering conspiracy.

For purposes of this plea agreement Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos accepts responsibility for conspiring to launder money by conducting financial transactions with drug trafficking proceeds. Defendant further acknowledges he knew the money being transferred was the product of specified unlawful activity, specifically, drug trafficking.

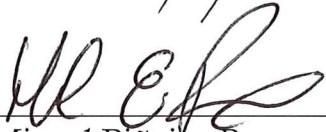
At trial, the United States would have proven beyond a reasonable doubt that defendant Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos is guilty as charged in Counts One and Three of the Indictment. Discovery was timely made available to Defendant for review.



Camille García-Jiménez
Assistant U.S. Attorney
Dated: 2/10/2023



Rosa I. Bonini-Laracunte
Counsel for Defendant
Dated: 3/9/2023



Miguel Piñeiro-Ramos
Defendant
Dated: 3/9/2023

DPR